

Audience poll responses from Charing Cross 2016

Spinal cord ischemia is a major factor for thoracic aortic aneurysm repair outcomes and survival.



79%



21%

All risk scores are useless for elective AAA.



35%



65%

The growth rate of small TAAA is known and relevant.



30%



70%

The threshold for AAA intervention should be settled by randomized controlled trials.

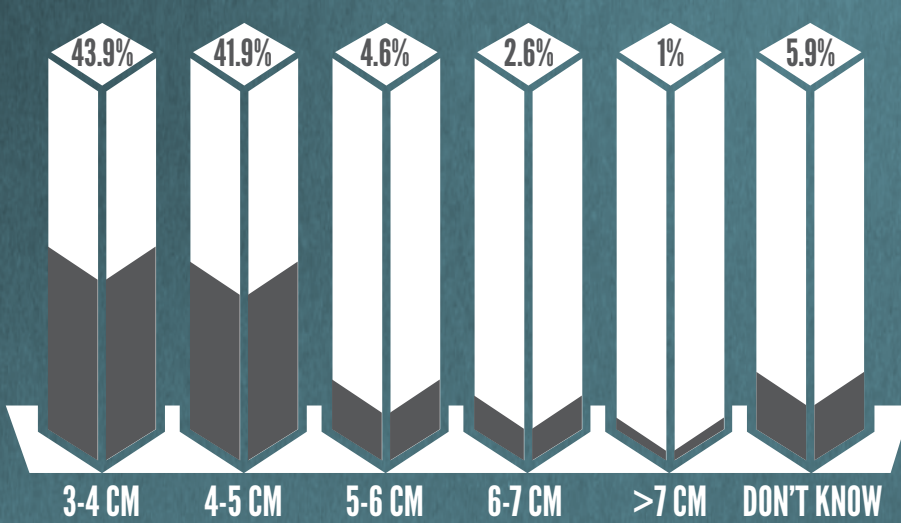


50%



50%

The threshold for treating internal artery aneurysms:



There should be an international consensus on an absolute threshold for treatment of abdominal and iliac aneurysms.



79%



21%

There should be international consensus on how to measure abdominal and iliac aneurysms.



91%



9%

There is sufficient evidence to introduce population-based abdominal aortic aneurysm screening programs.



71%



29%

Lifestyle risk factor modification and medication can alter AAA growth.



89%



11%

Modifiable risk factors for AAA:

Avoid abdominal adiposity

Stop smoking

Eat fruit twice a day

Drink alcohol moderately

Exercise 40 minutes per day